

The diagram illustrates a complex chemical process. At the bottom, a **FURNACE 1/2/3/4** receives **WATER**, **FUEL**, **HEAT**, and **GAS**. Its output goes to a **STABILIZER**. The stabilizer's output is split: one path goes to a **CONDENSER** (T 100, 102) and **REBOILER** (T 100, 102, 103), which feeds into a **BC.1** column. The other path from the stabilizer goes to a **HE.5** heat exchanger. The main process flow involves several distillation columns: **C1** (21 trays), **C2** (10 trays), **C3** (10 trays), **C4** (10 trays), and **C5** (10 trays). These columns are interconnected with a network of heat exchangers (**HE.1** to **HE.5**) and condensors (**CL.1.2,5,9** to **CL.10,11**). The process also includes a **FLARE** for off-gas, a **REBOILER** (T 114-117), and a **CONDENSER** (T 114-117). The diagram uses standard process symbols: circles for pumps, triangles for flares, rectangles for columns, and ovals for heat exchangers. Arrows indicate the direction of flow throughout the system.



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Table 53
* Density Reduction to 15°C.
0,830-0,839
50-75°C.

ASTM-IP

Observed Temperature, °C.	Observed Density									
	0,830	0,831	0,832	0,833	0,834	0,835	0,836	0,837	0,838	0,839
Corresponding Density 15°C.										
50,0	0,8530	0,8540	0,8549	0,8559	0,8569	0,8579	0,8589	0,8598	0,8608	0,8618
50,5	0,8533	0,8543	0,8553	0,8562	0,8572	0,8582	0,8592	0,8602	0,8611	0,8621
51,0	0,8536	0,8546	0,8556	0,8566	0,8576	0,8586	0,8595	0,8605	0,8615	0,8624
51,5	0,8539	0,8549	0,8559	0,8569	0,8579	0,8588	0,8598	0,8608	0,8618	0,8627
52,0	0,8543	0,8552	0,8562	0,8572	0,8582	0,8592	0,8601	0,8611	0,8621	0,8631
52,5	0,8546	0,8556	0,8565	0,8575	0,8585	0,8595	0,8604	0,8614	0,8624	0,8634
53,0	0,8549	0,8559	0,8569	0,8578	0,8588	0,8598	0,8608	0,8617	0,8627	0,8637
53,5	0,8552	0,8562	0,8572	0,8581	0,8591	0,8601	0,8611	0,8621	0,8630	0,8640
54,0	0,8555	0,8565	0,8575	0,8585	0,8594	0,8604	0,8614	0,8624	0,8633	0,8643
54,5	0,8558	0,8568	0,8578	0,8588	0,8598	0,8607	0,8617	0,8627	0,8637	0,8646
55,0	0,8562	0,8571	0,8581	0,8591	0,8601	0,8610	0,8620	0,8630	0,8640	0,8650
55,5	0,8565	0,8575	0,8584	0,8594	0,8604	0,8614	0,8623	0,8633	0,8643	0,8653
56,0	0,8569	0,8578	0,8588	0,8597	0,8607	0,8617	0,8627	0,8636	0,8646	0,8656
56,5	0,8571	0,8581	0,8591	0,8600	0,8610	0,8620	0,8630	0,8639	0,8649	0,8659
57,0	0,8574	0,8584	0,8594	0,8604	0,8613	0,8623	0,8633	0,8643	0,8652	0,8662
57,5	0,8577	0,8587	0,8597	0,8607	0,8616	0,8626	0,8636	0,8646	0,8655	0,8665
58,0	0,8581	0,8590	0,8600	0,8610	0,8620	0,8629	0,8639	0,8649	0,8659	0,8668
58,5	0,8584	0,8594	0,8603	0,8613	0,8623	0,8633	0,8642	0,8652	0,8662	0,8671
59,0	0,8587	0,8597	0,8606	0,8616	0,8626	0,8636	0,8645	0,8655	0,8665	0,8675
59,5	0,8590	0,8600	0,8610	0,8619	0,8629	0,8639	0,8649	0,8659	0,8668	0,8678
60,0	0,8593	0,8603	0,8613	0,8622	0,8632	0,8642	0,8652	0,8661	0,8671	0,8681
60,5	0,8596	0,8606	0,8616	0,8626	0,8635	0,8645	0,8655	0,8664	0,8674	0,8684
61,0	0,8600	0,8609	0,8619	0,8629	0,8638	0,8648	0,8658	0,8668	0,8677	0,8687
61,5	0,8603	0,8612	0,8622	0,8632	0,8642	0,8651	0,8661	0,8671	0,8680	0,8690
62,0	0,8606	0,8616	0,8625	0,8635	0,8645	0,8654	0,8664	0,8674	0,8684	0,8693
62,5	0,8609	0,8619	0,8628	0,8638	0,8648	0,8658	0,8667	0,8677	0,8687	0,8696
63,0	0,8612	0,8622	0,8631	0,8641	0,8651	0,8661	0,8670	0,8680	0,8690	0,8699
63,5	0,8615	0,8625	0,8635	0,8644	0,8654	0,8664	0,8673	0,8683	0,8693	0,8703
64,0	0,8618	0,8628	0,8638	0,8647	0,8657	0,8667	0,8677	0,8686	0,8696	0,8706
64,5	0,8621	0,8631	0,8641	0,8651	0,8660	0,8670	0,8680	0,8689	0,8699	0,8709
65,0	0,8623	0,8634	0,8644	0,8654	0,8663	0,8673	0,8683	0,8692	0,8702	0,8712
65,5	0,8628	0,8637	0,8647	0,8657	0,8666	0,8676	0,8686	0,8696	0,8705	0,8715
66,0	0,8631	0,8640	0,8650	0,8660	0,8670	0,8679	0,8689	0,8699	0,8708	0,8718
66,5	0,8634	0,8644	0,8653	0,8663	0,8673	0,8682	0,8692	0,8702	0,8711	0,8721
67,0	0,8637	0,8647	0,8656	0,8666	0,8676	0,8685	0,8695	0,8705	0,8714	0,8724
67,5	0,8640	0,8650	0,8659	0,8669	0,8679	0,8688	0,8698	0,8708	0,8718	0,8727
68,0	0,8643	0,8653	0,8663	0,8672	0,8682	0,8692	0,8701	0,8711	0,8721	0,8730
68,5	0,8646	0,8656	0,8666	0,8675	0,8685	0,8695	0,8704	0,8714	0,8724	0,8733
69,0	0,8649	0,8659	0,8669	0,8678	0,8688	0,8698	0,8707	0,8717	0,8727	0,8736
69,5	0,8653	0,8662	0,8672	0,8682	0,8691	0,8701	0,8711	0,8720	0,8730	0,8740
70,0	0,8656	0,8666	0,8675	0,8685	0,8694	0,8704	0,8714	0,8723	0,8733	0,8743
70,5	0,8659	0,8668	0,8678	0,8688	0,8697	0,8707	0,8717	0,8726	0,8736	0,8746
71,0	0,8662	0,8671	0,8681	0,8691	0,8700	0,8710	0,8720	0,8729	0,8739	0,8749
71,5	0,8665	0,8674	0,8684	0,8694	0,8703	0,8713	0,8723	0,8732	0,8742	0,8752
72,0	0,8668	0,8678	0,8687	0,8697	0,8707	0,8716	0,8726	0,8735	0,8745	0,8755
72,5	0,8671	0,8681	0,8690	0,8700	0,8710	0,8719	0,8729	0,8739	0,8749	0,8759
73,0	0,8674	0,8684	0,8693	0,8703	0,8713	0,8722	0,8732	0,8742	0,8752	0,8761
73,5	0,8677	0,8687	0,8696	0,8706	0,8716	0,8725	0,8735	0,8745	0,8755	0,8765
74,0	0,8680	0,8690	0,8699	0,8709	0,8719	0,8728	0,8738	0,8748	0,8758	0,8768
74,5	0,8683	0,8693	0,8703	0,8712	0,8722	0,8731	0,8741	0,8751	0,8761	0,8771
75,0	0,8686	0,8696	0,8706	0,8715	0,8725	0,8734	0,8744	0,8754	0,8764	0,8774

143 * See Introduction.

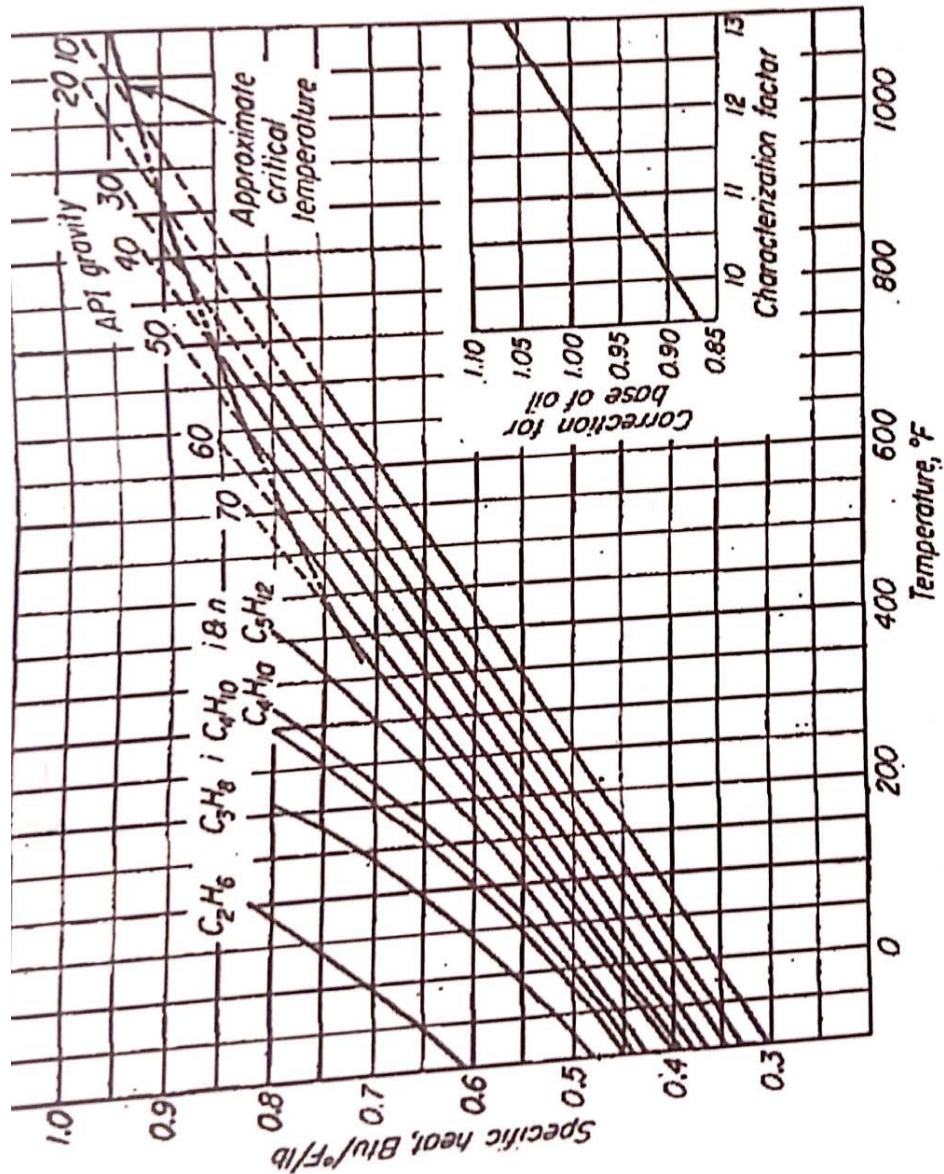


Fig. 5-1: Specific heats of Mid Continent liquid oils with a correction factor for other bases of oils.



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nama Zat	Symbol	C_p $\frac{\text{kcal}}{\text{kg} \cdot ^\circ\text{C}}$	C_v $\frac{\text{kcal}}{\text{kg} \cdot ^\circ\text{C}}$	k $\frac{C_p}{C_v}$
Gas				
Gas	C_2H_2	0,4030	0,3267	1,234
Gas	NH_3	0,2404	0,1718	1,399
Gas	Ar	0,5006	0,3840	1,304
Gas	C_6H_6	0,1244	0,0746	1,668
Gas	C_4H_{10}	0,2497	0,2243	1,113
Gas	C_4H_{10}	0,4004	0,3662	1,093
Gas	C_4H_8	0,3977	0,3637	1,094
Gas	CO_2	0,3646	0,3222	1,131
Gas	CO	0,2015	0,1564	1,288
Gas	C_2H_6	0,2485	0,1776	1,399
Gas	C_2H_4	0,4183	0,3522	1,188
Gas	CCl_2F_2	0,3708	0,3000	1,236
Gas	He	0,1369	0,1204	1,136
Gas	C_7H_{16}	1,2410	0,7446	1,667
Gas	C_6H_{14}	0,3956	0,3758	1,053
Gas	C_6H_{14}	0,3966	0,3736	1,062
Gas	H_2	3,4160	2,4310	1,405
Gas	CH_4	0,5318	0,4079	1,304
Gas	Ne	0,2460	0,1475	1,667
Gas	NO	0,2377	0,1725	1,380
Gas	H_2	0,2483	0,1774	1,402
Gas	C_8H_{18}	0,3949	0,3775	1,044
Gas	O_2	0,2191	0,1570	1,395
Gas	C_5H_{12}	0,3980	0,3709	1,071
Gas	C_5H_{12}	0,3972	0,3697	1,074
Gas	C_5H_{12}	0,3982	0,3531	1,128
Gas	C_3H_8	0,3627	0,3055	1,187
Gas	C_3H_6	0,1483	0,1173	1,264
Gas	SO_2	0,4452	0,3349	1,329
Gas	H_2O	0,3931	0,3214	1,099
Gas	$\text{C}_{12}\text{H}_{26}$			

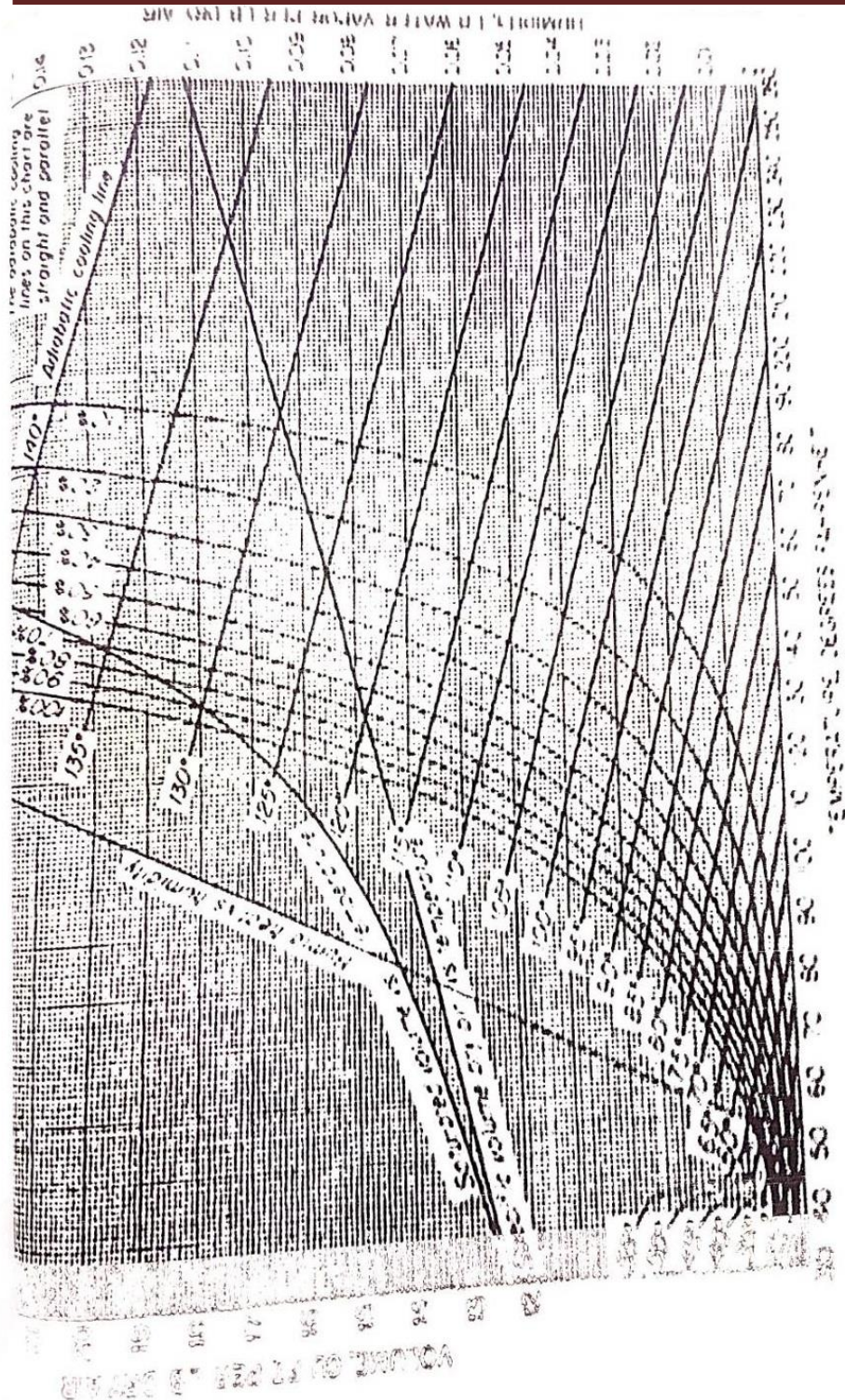


Figure 2.1
Psychrometric chart. Answer at 1 a.m.

where W = lb material (lb-moles in Fig. 14-1)
 T_2 = final temperature, °F
 T_1 = initial temperature, °F
 C_p = average sp ht at constant pressure, Btu per lb through the temperature range of T_2 and T_1

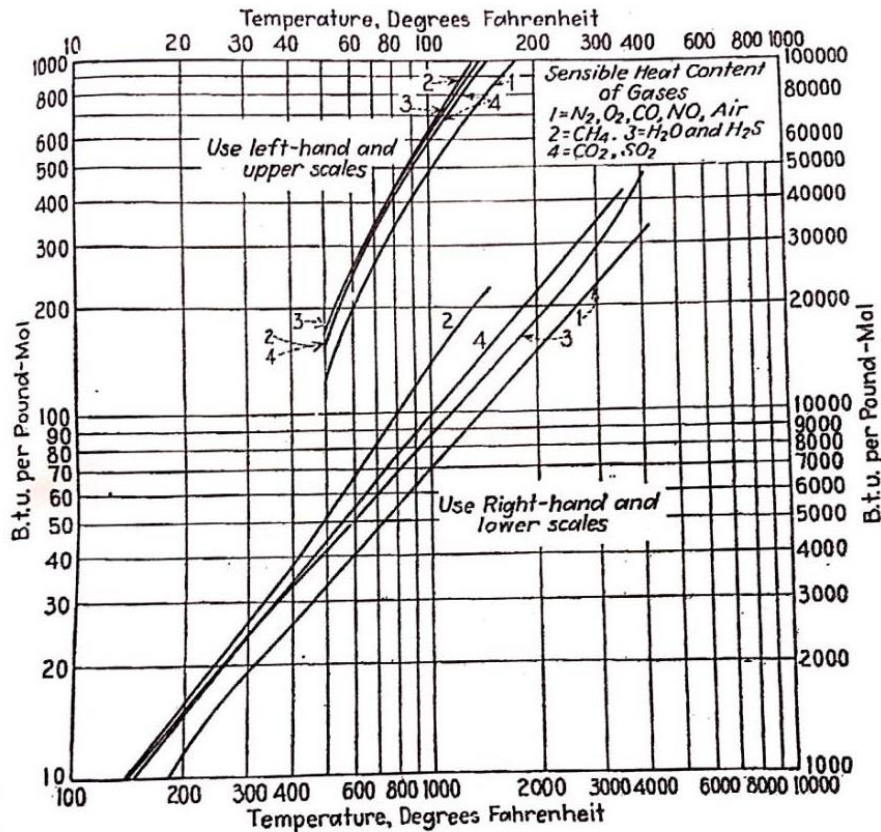


FIG. 14-1. Sensible heat of common gases (basis 32°F).

Figure 14-1 is plotted on a mole basis because the diatomic gases—oxygen, nitrogen, carbon monoxide, air, etc.—can be represented by a single curve. The same applies to other groups of gases. The figure gives the number of Btu required to raise the temperature of 1 lb-mole of gas from 32°F to the desired temperature. The upper and left scales are for temperatures up to about 150°F, and the lower and right scales are for higher temperatures.

Example 14-4. Use of Sensible Heat Chart for Gases (Fig. 14-1). One thousand cubic feet of a flue gas is cooled from 1000 to 100°F. Analysis of gas: CO_2 , 10 per

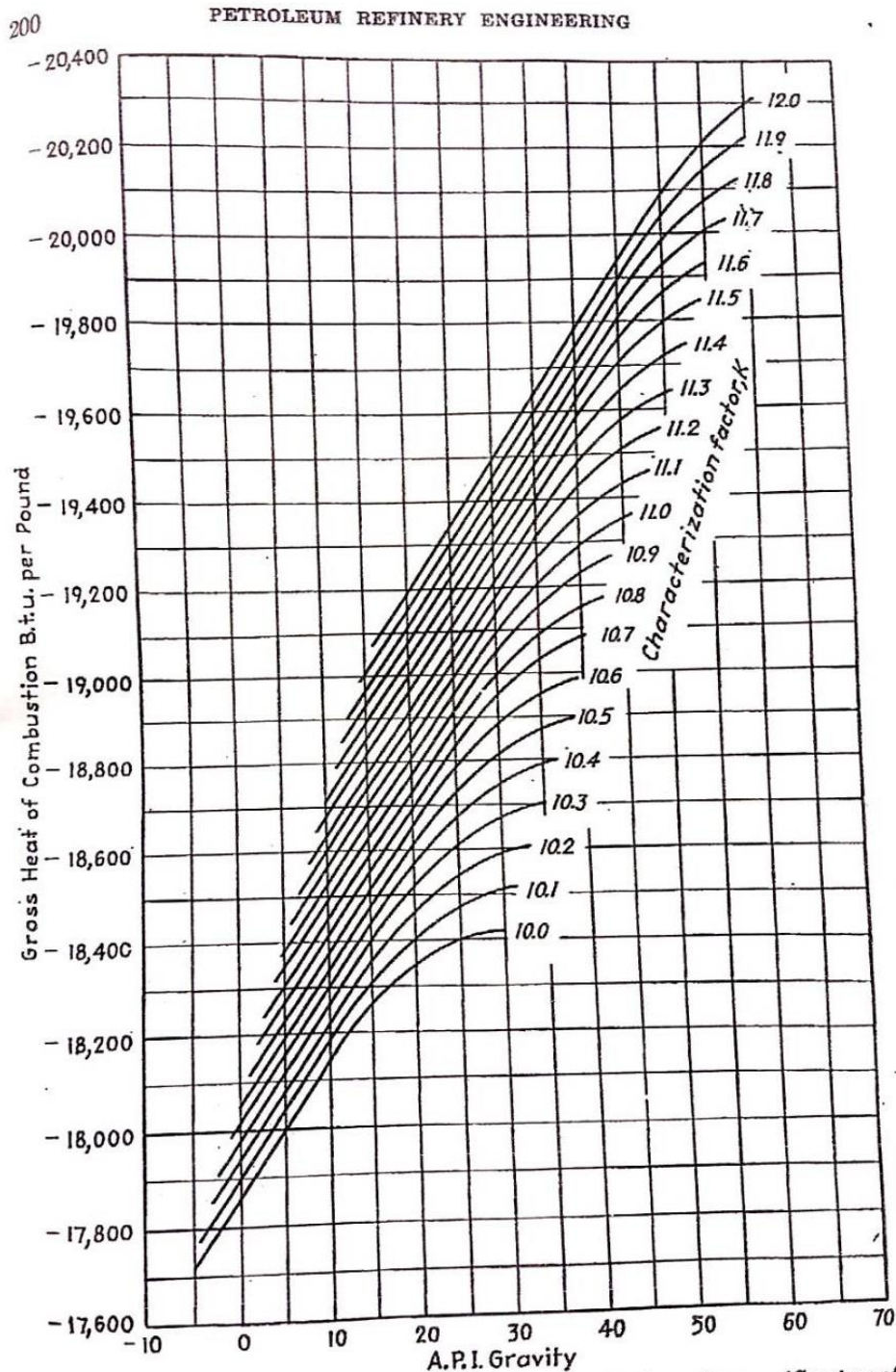


FIG. 5-22. Gross heats of combustion of liquid petroleum hydrocarbons. (Courtesy of Hougen and Watson, "Chem. Process Principles," vol. 1, John Wiley & Sons, Inc.)

TABLE 5-2. PROPERTIES OF PARAFFIN HYDROCARBONS^a

Property	Methane	Ethane	Propane	Isobutane	Butane	Isopentane
Molecular weight.....	16.03	30.05	44.06	58.08	58.08	72.09
Carbon-hydrogen ratio.....	2.08	3.97	4.46	4.76	4.76	4.96
Liquid gravity:						
Specific 60/80.....	0.300	0.374	0.509	0.563	0.584	0.625
Density, lb per gal at 60°F.....	2.5	3.12	4.24	4.70	4.86	5.20
API at 60°F.....	340	247	147	120	111	94.9
Vapor gravity:						
Relative to air.....	0.559	1.037	1.521	2.004	2.004	2.494
Cu ft at 60°F, per gal liquid.....	59.1	39.2	26.5	30.6	31.8	27.3
Boiling point, °F.....	-259	-128	-44	10.9	31.1	82.2
Critical temperature, °R.....	344	543	665	733	765	829
Critical pressure, psia.....	673	715	616	543	530	483
Critical volume, cu ft per lb-mole.....	1.69	2.29	3.12	3.99	4.14	4.93
Critical viscosity, micropoise.....	159	210	228	239	239	220
Specific heat:						
Vapor.....	0.543 ¹⁰⁻¹	0.410 ¹⁰⁻¹	0.473 ¹⁰	0.462 ¹⁰	0.459 ¹⁰	0.471 ¹⁰
Liquid at 60°F.....		0.78	0.6	0.56	0.53	0.53
Ratio at 60°F.....	1.31	1.18	1.15	1.11	1.10	1.08
Coefficient of expansion.....	0.00363 ¹⁰⁻¹⁰⁰	0.0038	0.00324 ¹⁰⁻¹⁰⁰	0.00230 ¹⁰⁻¹⁰⁰	0.00203 ¹⁰⁻¹⁰⁰	0.00158 ¹⁰⁻¹⁰⁰
Inflammability limits:						
Low.....	5.3	3.3	2.4	1.8	1.9	1.3
High.....	14.0	12.5	9.5	8.4	8.5	
Heat of combustion:						
Gross, Btu per lb.....	23,920	22,380	21,690	21,290	21,340	21,060
Net, Btu per lb.....	21,540	20,450	19,960	19,650	19,700	19,470
Gross, Btu per cu ft.....	1,011	1,770	2,520	3,261	3,266	4,004
Net, Btu per cu ft.....	225	210	183	158	165	146
Latent heat, Btu per lb.....		221 ⁰	189	73.5	52	20.3
Vapor pressure, at 100°F, psia.....	100+	100+	97	97	90	90.3
Octane number, Motor method.....	3.679	4.416	4.803		5.002	
p _i /w _i , expansion constant for liquids.....						

PHYSICAL PROPERTIES OF PETROLEUM OIL

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Specific heats of gases by Holcomb and Brown³ are shown in Fig. 5-2, which is said to be accurate to ± 0.02 Btu per lb per °F. Dotted lines are used above 700°F as a warning that thermal decomposition occurs at such temperatures.

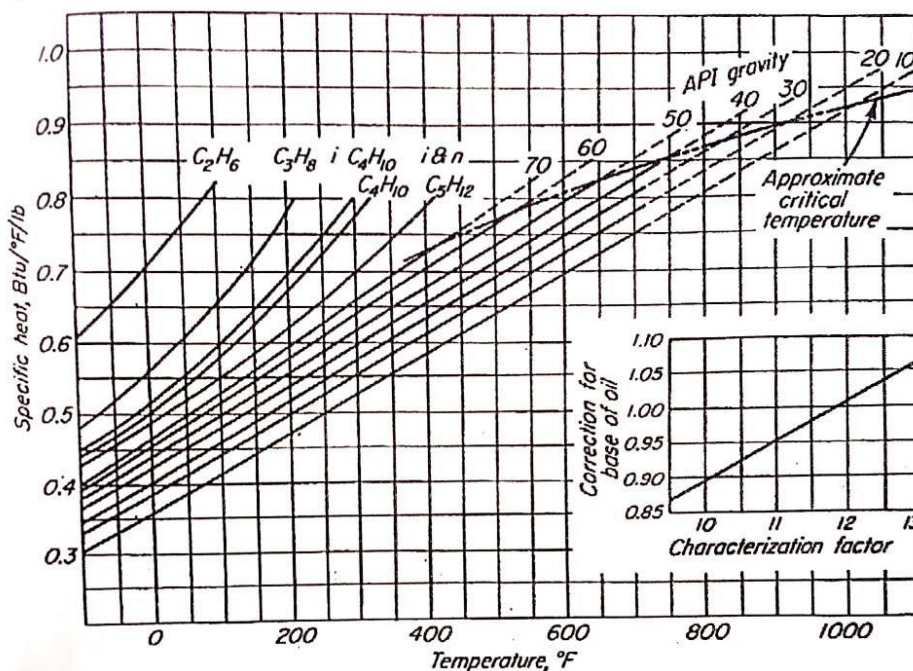


FIG. 5-1. Specific heats of Mid Continent liquid oils with a correction factor for other bases of oils.

The Characterization Factor⁴ found to be so useful in cataloguing crude oils (Table 4-1) is of even greater value in accounting for the degree of paraffinicity of individual fractions.

$$K = \frac{\sqrt[3]{T_B}}{s}$$

where K = U.O.P. Characterization Factor

T_B = average boiling point, °R = (°F + 460)

s = specific gravity at 60°F

The factor has been useful in correlating many properties, among which are hydrogen content, aniline point, thermal expansion, and Viscosity Index, as well as the relationships employed in this chapter.

Total Heat Content and the Effect of Pressure. The heat content or enthalpy of petroleum liquids and gases can be obtained most conveniently by the following methods:

³ Thermodynamic Properties of Light Hydrocarbons, *Ind. Eng. Chem.*, **34**, 590 (1942).

⁴ Egloff et al., *The Modern Cracking Process*, *Oil Gas J.*, July 2, 1936, p. 34.

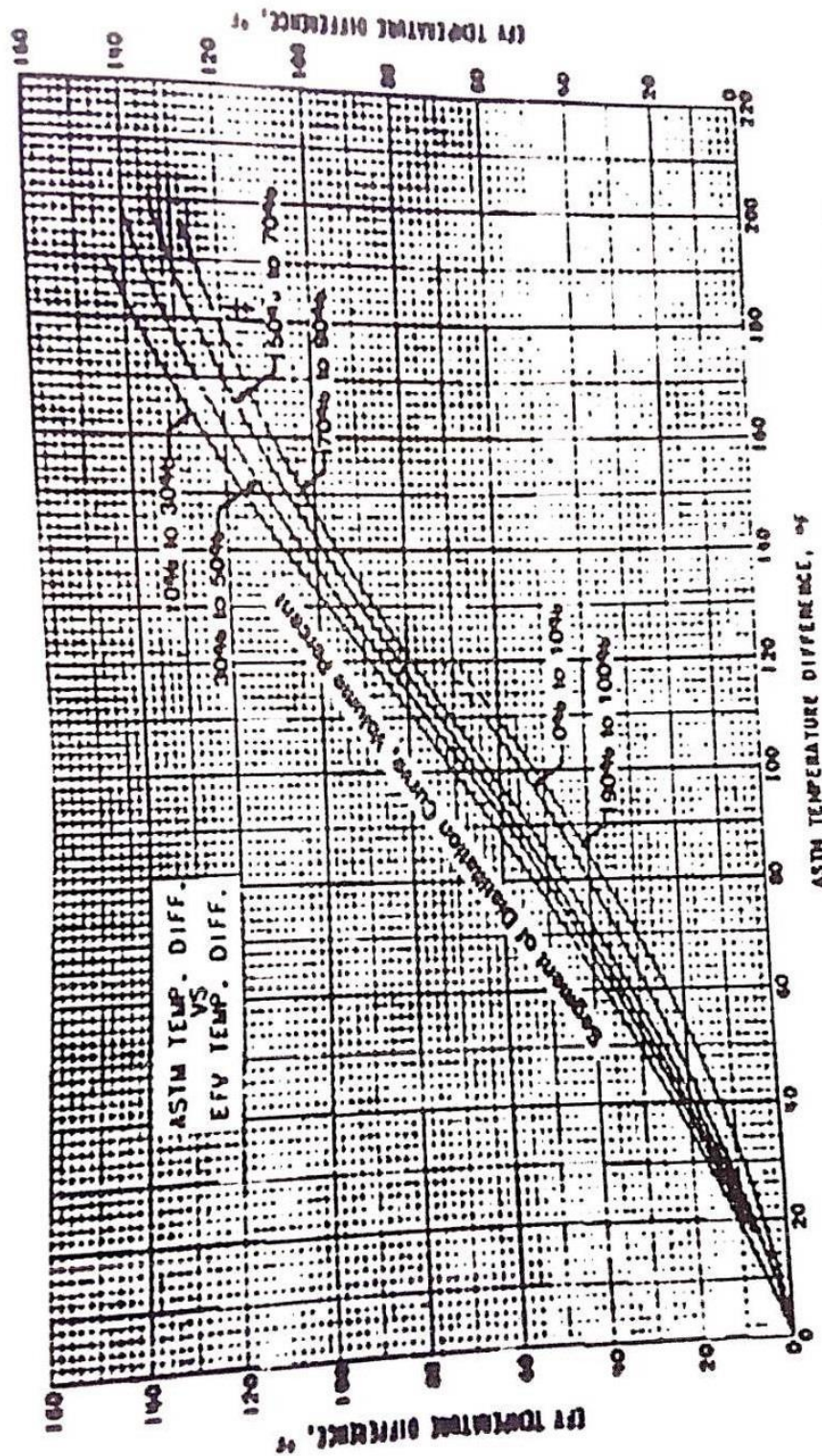


Figure 12.9. ASTM temperature difference vs. EFV temperature difference.



ASTM 50 Percent Temperature vs. EFV 50 Percent Temperature (Figure 12.8 Edmister, Hydrocarbon Thermodynamics pg. 122)

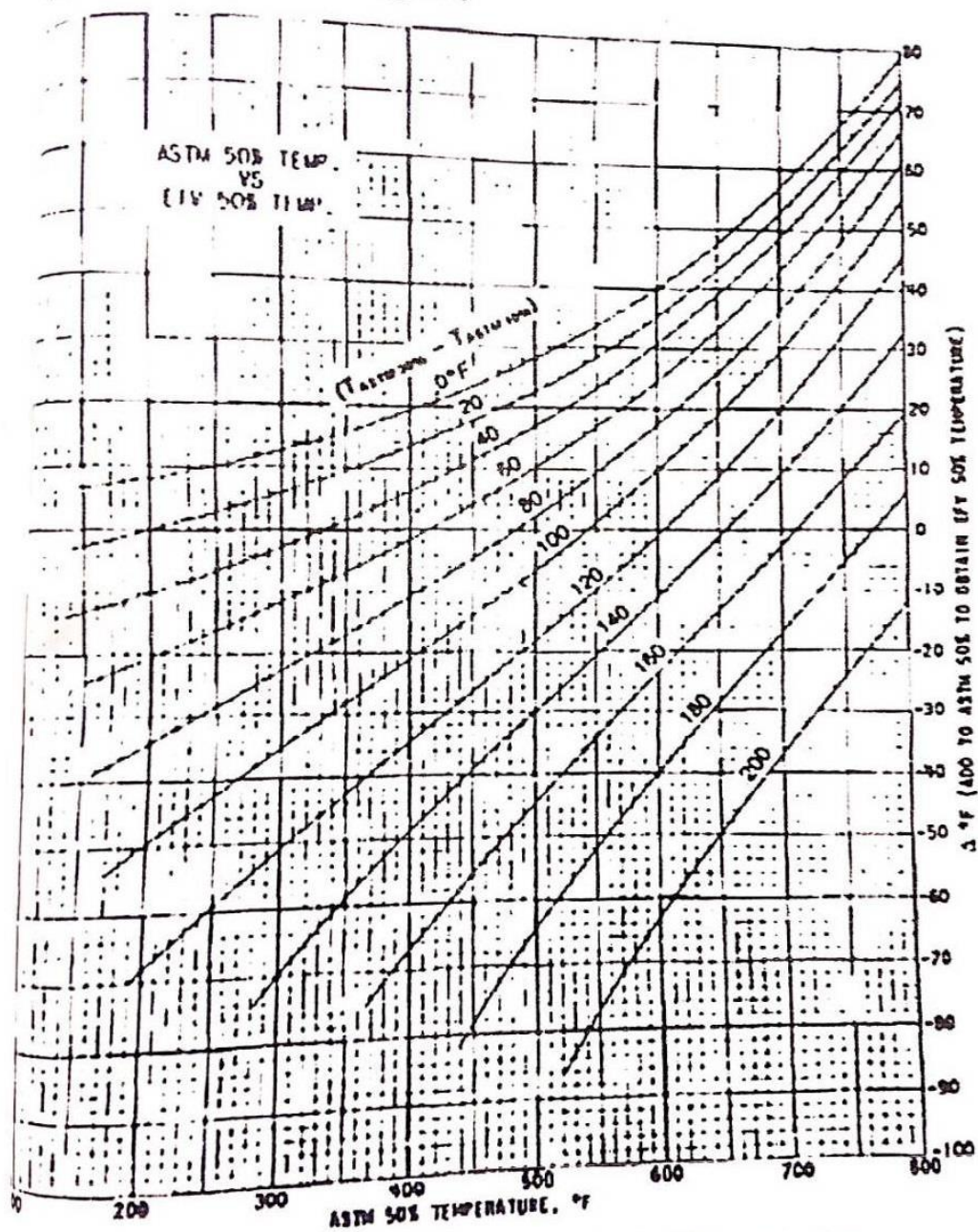


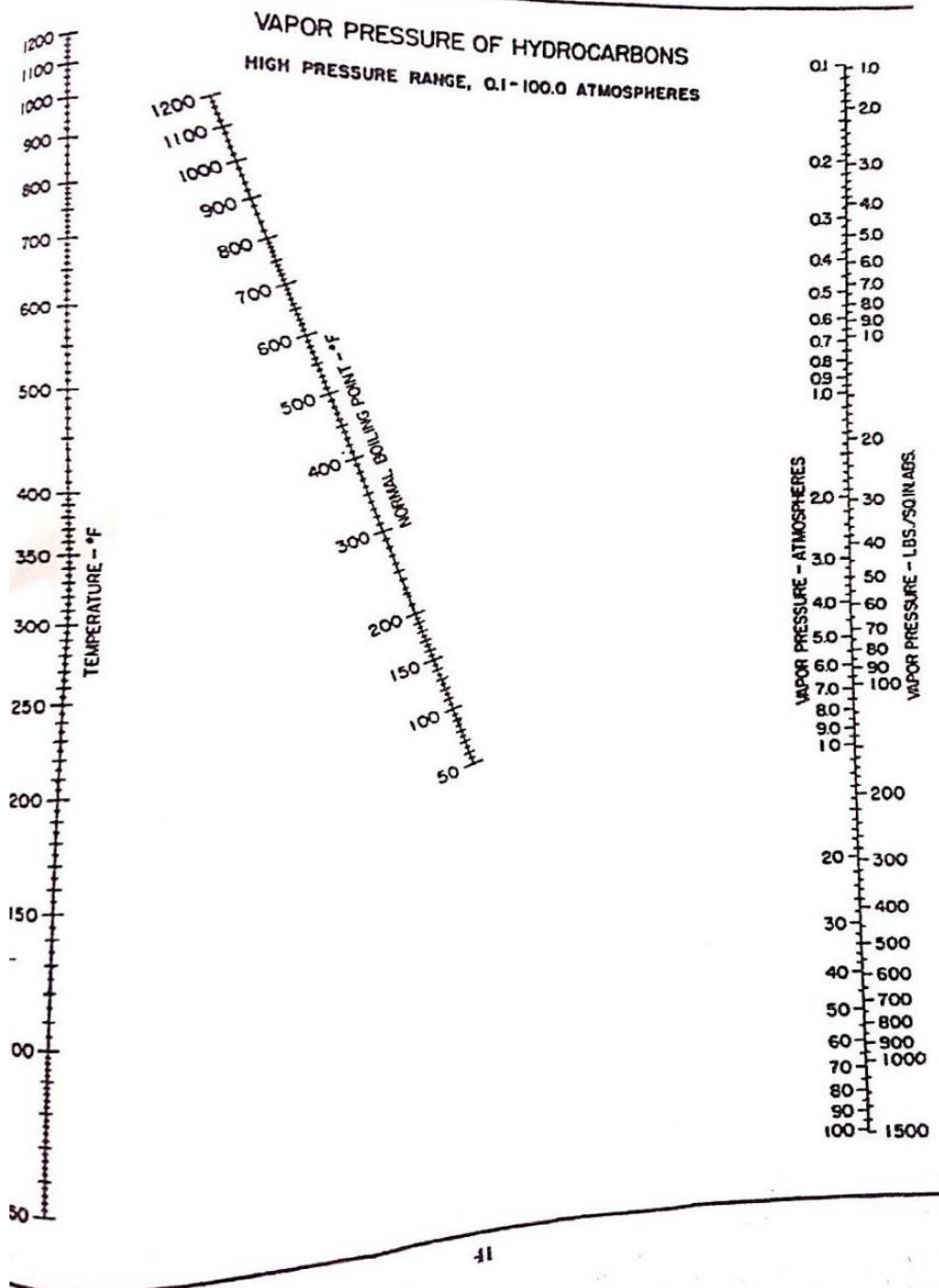
Figure 12.8. ASTM 50% temperature vs. EFV 50% temperature.

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Penentuan Temperatur dan Tekanan Uap Hidrokarbon (Maxwell, Data Handbook on Hydrocarbon pg. 4)





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Tanggal : 26-10-2020 2018
No. : L.R/DS.02.02/18

LAPORAN HASIL UJI ANALISA FEED DAN PRODUK PERTAMINA
HASIL PENGOLAHAN KILANG PPSDM MIGAS

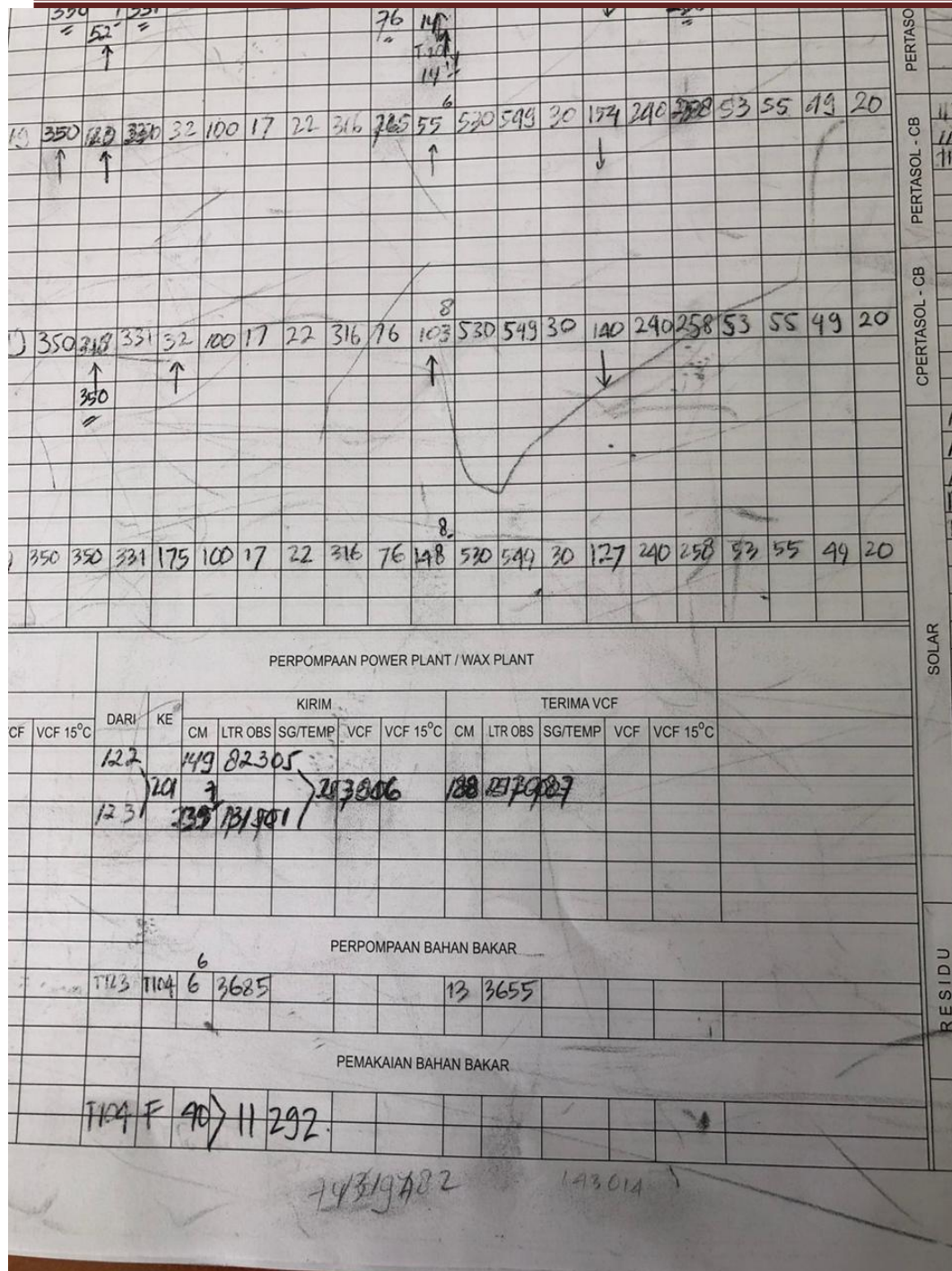
Shift	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Jam	20.00	20.00	20.00	20.00	20.00	20.00	20.00	20.00	20.00	20.00
Nama Contoh	C-01L	SOLAR	CA/51	CB/52	CB/54	CA/53	CC/18	SOLAR	T-11	AL
Aliran / Tangki	7.101	AL	AL	AL	AL	AL	AL	AL	AL	AL
No.	Parameter Uji	Metode ASTM / Lain	828/31	839/30	725/52	735/29	746/42	707/28	775/30	835/34
1	Density / Temp °C Obs	D-1298	839.9	849.3	740.2	776.6	769.8	778.8	786.2	848.1
2	Density 15 °C, Kg/m ³									
2	Distillasi :									
IBP			29	169	62	115	109	95	123	170
5 % Vol. rec °C			104	182	71	127	113	62	132	192
10 % Vol. rec °C			113	196	26	131	117	67	137	206
20 % Vol. rec °C			131	213	83	137	121	72	148	232
30 % Vol. rec °C			148	230	89	142	125	77	148	248
40 % Vol. rec °C			209	242	99	147	129	81	153	262
50 % Vol. rec °C			248	259	99	151	135	85	158	281
60 % Vol. rec °C			300	282	104	155	139	89	164	281
70 % Vol. rec °C			MAX	300	282	104	155	139	89	164
80 % Vol. rec °C			100	300	109	160	158	99	172	305
90 % Vol. rec °C			125	15	330	115	165	102	183	329
95 % Vol. rec °C (T-90)			150	23	362	131	181	118	202	360
End Point °C			175	30						
Dry Point °C			200	35	371	146	202	202	132	219
% Vol. rec at 200 °C			225	42		139	196	196	125	213
% Vol. rec at 300 °C			250	48						
% Vol. rec at 370 °C			275	56	69.0					69.0
Rendemen, % vol			300	64	90.0					90.0
Residu, % vol				66	92.0					92.0
Losses, % vol				35	6.5					6.0
3	Titik Nyala, °C	D-56,93,92		70						70
4	Titik Tuang, °C	D-97		18						18
5	Titik Asap, mm	D-1322								
6	Nilai Jelaga, mg/kg	IP-10								
7	Warna Saybolt/ ASTM	D-156 / 1500		2.0	+30	+23	+30	+30	+21	2.0
8	Viscositas, Cst	D-455								
9	Doctor Test	D-4952								
10	Korosi Bilah Tembaga	D-130								
11	Indeks Cetana	D-4737								
12	Kandungan Air, mg/Kg	D-1744								
13	Kandungan Sulfur, %m/m	D-2622/1522								
14	Residu Karbon, % m/m	D-4530/189								
15	Kandungan Abu, % m/m	D-482								
16	Sediment Content, %m/m	D-473								
17	Bil. Asam Kuat, mg KOH/g	D-664								
18	Bil. Asam Total, mg KOH/g	D-664								
19	Partikulat, mg/L	D-2276								

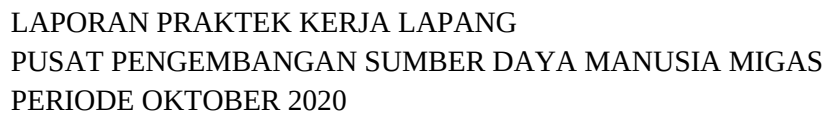
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