## **CHAPTER V**

## **CONCLUSION AND SUGGESTION**

## 5.1 Conclusion

Based on the results of this research, it can be concluded that fatherless women in romantic relationships show a fairly consistent pattern of needing partners to fill the emotional void caused by the absence or unreliable behavior of their fathers. The absence of a father not only has psychological impacts but also communication patterns in romantic relationships. shapes destructive Consequently, almost all take control in terms of managing aspects of the relationship, from monitoring their partners, demanding attention, setting communication rules, to regulating the frequency of meetings as an effort to ensure emotional security. In terms of beliefs, their ideal image is always the opposite of their father's character, reinforcing this motivation for control. Ultimately, a dominant self-image of fatherless women is formed, filling the void in relationships, either in the form of aggressive styles, assertive-aggressive, or passive, where control becomes the main strategy to reorganize a sense of security that they have never fully experienced with their father figure.

## 5.2 Suggestion

This research has limitations in the number and diversity of informants, thus it is recommended for future researchers to expand the scope of informants with more varied social economic backgrounds, education, and ages. Future research is also expected to involve the perspectives of partners of informants to see in a two-

way manner how the construction of fatherless women's identity impacts relationship dynamics and their communication patterns. Additionally, it is important to