05. Customer's Perception and Expectation for Reverse Logistics Implementation

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Customer's Perception and Expectation for Reverse Logistics Implementation

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Abstract— Good communication between buyers and sellers are important strategy for company to maintain the customer satisfaction, loyalty, and enhance financial performance. Complaint is a signal that indicates important information that needs quick response. On the other hand, environmental problems (i.e. waste, unused product and limitation of natural resources) become growing concern through the decade. This paper proposed House of Reverse Logistics (HRL) for connecting between customer needs and environmental problems. HRL effectively can minimize the customer complaint. Literature showed that Customer Needs and Reverse Logistics (RL) are effective method to solve these problems. The design of HRL was adopted from Quality Function Deployment (QFD)

Keywords- Reverse Logistics, Customer Perception, Quality Function Deployment

I. INTRODUCTION

Our environment is constantly changing. Pollution, global warming, Natural Resource Depletion, Natural Resource Depletion, Loss of Biodiversity, Climate change, Deforestation, Ocean Acidification and Ozone Layer Depletion are major current environmental problems. Some regulation released to solve these problems. For example: Directive 2002/96/EC on Waste Electrical and Electronic Equipment and Directive 2002/96/EC on the Restriction of the Use of Certain Hazardous Substances in EEE (RoHS) [1].

To response the environmental problems, company needs to consider some regulations such as: corporate imaging, social responsibility, legislation, economic benefit and customer awareness. Focuses on customer awareness, companies need strategy to maintain the customer satisfaction and loyalty [2].

Communication between buyers and sellers is central to the supply chain philosophy [3]. Lee et al., [4] reported complaint is signaling that indicate the important information from customer as major indicator of customer dissatisfaction. If companies can be ignored the complaints, the migration of profitable customers can be minimized [5]. Hence, companies need identifying the customer complaints, and need planning recovery strategies to maintain customer satisfaction and enhance financial performance [6; 7; 8].

We adopted RL and QFD method to understanding the customer needs. Reverse Logistics (RL) basically not only a process of planning, process and implementation, but also controlling raw material, finished good and waste management.

At this time, only few papers covers environmental issues as customer needs in QFD methods. QFD usually used to develop strategy, to help implant methods, to product development to develop software, to develop services and to help planning [9]. QFD is one technique to deal with customer needs and expectation [10]. In other hand, QFD is mechanism for translating the voice of customer into the language of engineers [11]. A study from Yilmaz et al., [12] report that complaint management is affected by two factors, namely, customer response and organizational learning. Further, [13] concluded that QFD is effective methods to translate customer needs into engineering characteristics.

In this research, we purpose House of Reverse Logistics (HRL) to understanding the customer perception and expectation for Reverse Logistics (RL) implementation. This approach successfully meets customer requirement (environmental problems especially reverse logistics problems) into engineering characteristics to develop company strategic and to maintain customer satisfaction and loyalty.

II. REVIEW OF THE LITERATURE

A. Reverse Logistics (RL)

Pokharel and Mutha [2] reported RL research studies began in the 1960s. Every decade, RL topic was change appropriate with problems in that time. The RL topics can be seen in the Figure 1. At the beginning, RL research focused on production planning, network design and RL model. Interaction between sustainability and supply chain by considering environmental issues was focused in 2000s. In the last decade, RL topics focused on product life extension, product recovery at end-oflife, waste management, secondary material, sustainability environmental and customer satisfaction.

RL research has classified into four perspectives since the 1960s until 2008s [2]. The four perspectives are RL Inputs, RL Process, RL Structure and RL Outputs. Several issues from RL Inputs are selection of raw materials, safety stock, forecast and inventory systems [14; 15; 16; 17]. The purpose of this perspective is mechanism preparation of raw material. For RL Process, the topic focused on disassembly product, product return process, modelling systems remanufacturing management and coordinated along supply chain actors [18;19; 20; 21]. In other hand, [22], [23] and [24] focused on infrastructure design, and capacity production. RL Structure discussed on location and allocation planning [25; 26; 27; 28].

208

Copyright © 2016, the Authors. Published by Atlantis Press. This is an open access article under the CC BY-NC license (http://creativecommons.org/licenses/by-nc/4.0/). The last perspective is RL Output. RL Output discussed about pricing, revenue management, product competition and service information [29; 30; 31]. Further, we adopt the new perspective to covers some research has not adopted in the RL perspective. The namely of new perspective is RL Social and Organization. The topics focused on return policies, stakeholders, organizational slack, market competition, third parties logistics, and decision model and process [32; 33; 34; 35; 36; 37; 38; 39; 40; 41].

B. Quality Fuction Deployement (QFD)

QFD is a method of converting the customers' requirement and developing a design quality of the finished product by systematically [42]. Same definition proposed by [43] and [10] QFD is a systematically method to response the customers' wants and needs with structural products planning and innovation. In other hand, [44] concluded that QFD is a method which has strong relationship between producing the new product and product development to accommodate consumers' expectation. Further, [11] reported that QFD is a mechanism to translating the voice of customer into to language of engineers.

III. REVERSE LOGISTICS IN INDONESIA

Indonesia today has been one of Development County with the most consistent growth rates. Based on [45], growth of household consumption in Indonesia, which accounts for about 57 percent of the nation's overall economic growth, fell to 4.94 percent (y/y) in Q1-2016 (from a 5.01 percent y/y growth pace one year earlier). This is a cause for concern and alarm because controlled inflation as well as low energy prices should have caused rising household consumption rather than slumping consumption growth. With the household consumption level, Indonesia have many kinds problems in environmental. For the example is electronics waste from household consumption. In the other hand, companies must be managing customer satisfaction and loyalty too. Research by [46] reported that Indonesian household wastes reach the highest percentage (43, 4%). Other sources waste from market (20%), street (9%), public facility (9%), office (8%), industry (6.5%) and others (4.6%). Hence, [47] reported, since 2007, Indonesian electronics manufacturers have produced more than 3 billion units of household appliance and IT equipment. While the annual consumption of TV reaches up to 4.3 million units, refrigerators at 2.1 million, air conditioning and washing machine at 900.000 units. Further, this research is very important to minimize electronics waste with understanding the customers' needs and wants.

IV. RESEARCH METHODOLOGY

The purpose of this research is to design HRL and attribute of customer needs and wants (RL Inputs, RL Process, RL Structure, RL Output and RL Social and Organization). The customer needs design was derived from QFD methods. RL implementation perception will added in Matrix WHATs. Next step is design of Technical Response (Matrix HOWs) to response the customer requirement. Furthermore, the next step same with design of House of Quality (HOQ). Planning Matrix will divided into 7 steps i.e. Importance to customer, Customer Satisfaction Performance, Goal, Improvement Ratio, Sales Point, Raw Weight and Normalized Raw Weight. Finally, Technical Matrix consists of Contribution, Normalized Contribution and Rank

V. RESULTS & DISCUSSIONS

PCB Company is the object for this research. PCB Company is consumers Electronics Company. Line business PCB is produces electronics household such as: Audio Cassette Tape, Color TV, AC, Washing Machine, TV Rack, CD Replication Services, and Plastic Injection Services.

Respondent in this survey is Akari consumers' who already use the Akari household product. The survey was conducted in Akari-Pusat Reparasi Indonesia (PRI) and Association Service Center (ASC) to collect the criteria of customer requirement. Also, we discuss with customer as end users directly to understanding customer wants and needs. The highest complaints record comes from 1 PRI and 6 ASC. The PRI comes from Surabaya (PRI-Surabaya). Hence, complaints come from Gresik (ASC-UD.Duta Bina Teknik), Malang (ASC-Windra Service), Mojokerto (ASC-Mandiri Service), Krian (ASC-Adhi Citra Elektronik), Pasuruan (ASC-NR Elektronik) and Surabaya (ASC-Yohasa Service). After conducting a series brainstorming sessions with RL Expert, Company, Service Center, Consumers, and Government Regulation for e-waste, we found 16th most important complaint criteria would influence customers' satisfaction of RL Implementation (Table 1).

TABLE I. CUSTOMER REQUIREMENT

RL Perspective		Attribute of Customer Requirement								
RL Inputs	A1 A2	New, used products (parts) or recycled material Outsourcing Reverse Logistics activities								
RL Structure	B1 B2 B3	Locating facilities for returned used products Integration of collection, inspection and consolidation of used products Integration manufacturing and remanufacturing								
RL Process	C1 C2 C3 C4 C5	Disassembly mechanism Reverse Logistics Information Technology Management Handling heterogeneous parts for production Scheduling arrivals mechanism for new modules, storing, or disposing Repair and after-sales service								
RL Outputs	D1 D2 D3	Pricing the remanufactured product Customer retention and satisfaction Enhanced service quality								
RL Social and Organization	E1 E2 E3	Company strategic and policy (include organizational slack) Marketing interfaces and leasing The Return Policy								

Next step is calculation the planning matrix and technical matrix.

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	Regulation and support systems	Responden sikoporepa -	Establish and collaborate the Reverse Logistics upport systems (solliotion o neycle contex, disposal contex)	3PL integration and mechanism	Bulancing the forward and severae logi optimized	Production. Planning and Investory C (1995C) system for virgin material and secondary material	Product design and shockere	Managing communication along sup chain actors	Design the integrated management information systems along supply ch actors	In artsy control strategy	Warrash product policy	The location and number of service-	Optimum selling price for remandle products	Enhance contener service quality	Design the information technology for contemer relations	Standardization of service modumin	Good mangement for RL labor skills (opgmdo knowlodge)	Remarkstand podect marketing	Product design adaptation from curd

Fig. 1. QFD Analysis for RL Implementation

Statistical test for questionnaire result is valid and reliable. The value of Cronbach's Alpha is 0.885. The r calculation is higher than r table (0.4555) with DF=15 with the confidence level at 95%. Next step is calculation the planning matrix and technical matrix.

The Relationship Matrix in Figure 1 explain about scale 0, 1, 3, 9, where 9 corresponds to a very strong relationship, 3 to a strong, 1 to a weak and 0 to no relationship. The rating 9 is three times as strong as rating 3 or nine times as strong as rating 1. As an example (column 1), the weighting of Centre of gravity is gained as follows: (Normalized Raw Weight x Scale) $= (0.07 \times 9) + (0.05 \times 3) = 0.667$. The analyses are shown in (Fig. 1).

The purpose of calculating the overall weighting is to identify those characteristics (RL Implementation) that are influencing the customer satisfaction to the greatest extent. A high overall weighting may preferably be gained if there is a strong relationship between the service characteristic and customer needs with a high customer rank.

The purpose of this research is to fulfill the customer needs and wants and minimize customer complaint [5]. Table 2 shows that the targets must be priority by company (the highest 3PL result) are integration and mechanism (0.20298=20,298%), Establish and collaborate the Reverse Logistics support systems (collection center, recycle center, disposal center) (0.11270-11,270%), Standardization of service mechanism (0.10270-10,270%), Technology supporting (0.06572-6,572%), Design the integrated management information systems along supply chain actors (0.06551-6,551%) and others > 45%.

TARGET PRIORITY Technical Response 0.67 hnology supporting 1.91 2 3.45 the forward and reverse logistics systems n. Planning and Inventory Control (PPIC) system for virgin mate 0.58 1.10 ondary material ign and structure 0.38 unication along supply chain actors esign the integrated management information systems along supply chain actor 0.36 ntory control strategy ity product policy ation and number of service center um selling price for remanufactured products er service quality Design the information technology for better customer relations zation of service mechanism agement for RL labor skills (upgrade knowledge) 0.102 nanufactured product marketing systems duct de sign adaptation from customer characteris

TABLE II.

VI. CONCLUSION

A new mechanism based on Reverse Logistics Systems and QFD methods has been developed to understanding the customer needs and wants. This approach will help company to understanding the complaint from customers. Complaint is a signal that indicates important dissatisfaction information. Also, complaints are an indicator of some problems. QFD will help company to priority of targets which has strong impact for company sales and performance. Based on QFD result, company needs to plan recovery strategies to maintain the customers' satisfaction and loyalty

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